

Tutorial 10.

Preliminary:

① Dollar-weighted return:

A: balance in a fund at the start of the year;

B: balance in the fund at the end of the year;

C_k : net deposit at time t_k .
 $A(1+i) + \sum_{k=1}^n C_k(1+i)^{t-t_k}$ is accumulative value.

$$(1+i)^{1+t} \approx 1+(1+t)i.$$

$$A(1+i) + C_1(1+(1+t_1)i) + \dots + C_n(1+(1+t_n)i) = B$$

$$\left(A + \sum_{k=1}^n C_k\right) + i \left(A + \sum_{k=1}^n C_k(1-t_k)\right) = B$$

$$i = \frac{B - \left(A + \sum_{k=1}^n C_k\right)}{A + \sum_{k=1}^n C_k(1-t_k)}$$

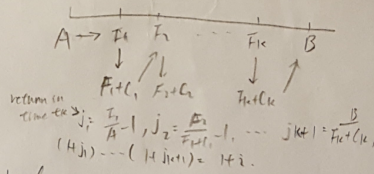
$I = B - \left(A + \sum_{k=1}^n C_k\right)$ is the net amount of interest.

② Time-weighted return:

F_k : the value of fund just before the net deposit C_k at time t_k .

$$i = \frac{F_1}{A} \times \frac{F_2}{F_1 + C_1} \times \dots \times \frac{F_n}{F_{n-1} + C_{n-1}} \times \frac{B}{F_n + C_n} - 1$$

$\frac{F_j}{F_{j-1} + C_{j-1}}$ is growth factor from t_{j-1} to t_j .



② Yield measure on a fund

$$i = \frac{ZI}{\int_{t_1}^{t_2} F(t) dt - I} = \frac{ZI}{F(t_1)F(t_2) - I}$$

the amount in the fund at time t is $F(t)$.

Exercise:

5-2-3.

	Value withdrawn	x is annual rate
Jan 1, 2013	100,000	the balance at the end of 2013:
April 1, 2013	103,000 - 8000	$100,000(1+x) - 8000(1 + \frac{3}{4}x)$
Jan 1, 2014	103,992	at the end of 2014
		$(100,000(1+x) - 8000(1 + \frac{3}{4}x))(1+x) = 103,992.$
		$\Rightarrow x = 0.0625$

5.2.6.

dollar weighted return for K,

$$100(1+i) - X(1+\frac{1}{2}i) + 2X(1+\frac{1}{4}i) = 125$$

$$\Rightarrow X = 125 - 100(1+i)$$

time weighted return for L.

$$\frac{125}{100} \times \frac{105.8}{125-X} = 1+i \Rightarrow X = 125 - \frac{132.25}{1+i}$$

$$\text{then } 125 - \frac{132.25}{1+i} = 125 - 100(1+i) \Rightarrow i = 0.15$$

5.3.1.

(a) $F(0) = 500$, $F(1) = 500 + 100 - 40 + 60 = 620$, $Z = 60$,

yield rate $i = \frac{Z}{F(0)+F(1)-I} = \frac{120}{500+620-60} = 0.1132$

(b) (i) $F(0) = 500 + 100 = 600$, $F(1) = 620$, $Z = 60$,

$$i = \frac{120}{600+620-60} = 0.1034$$

(ii)
$$\bar{F}(t) = \begin{cases} 500+20t & 0 \leq t < \frac{1}{4} \\ 600+20t & \frac{1}{4} \leq t \leq 1. \end{cases} \Rightarrow \int_0^1 \bar{F}(t) dt = \int_0^{\frac{1}{4}} \bar{F}(t) dt + \int_{\frac{1}{4}}^1 \bar{F}(t) dt = 585$$

$$i = \frac{120}{2 \times 585 - 60} = 0.1081$$

(iii)
$$\int_0^1 \bar{F}(t) dt = \int_0^{\frac{1}{4}} \bar{F}(t) dt + \int_{\frac{1}{4}}^1 \bar{F}(t) dt = 560 \Rightarrow i = \frac{120}{2 \times 560 - 60} = 0.1132$$

(iv)
$$\int_0^1 \bar{F}(t) dt = \int_0^{\frac{1}{4}} \bar{F}(t) dt + \int_{\frac{1}{4}}^1 \bar{F}(t) dt = 535 \Rightarrow i = \frac{120}{2 \times 535 - 60} = 0.1188$$

(v)
$$\int_0^1 \bar{F}(t) dt = \int_0^1 (500+20t) dt = 500t + 10t^2 \Big|_0^1 = 510 \Rightarrow i = \frac{120}{2 \times 510 - 60} = 0.125$$